### **Original Research Article**

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# Industrial Design Innovation and the Development of Industrial Design Education

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Abstract: With the continuous advancement of technology and the ever-changing market demands, industrial design innovation plays an increasingly important role in driving the development of the engineering machinery field. Meanwhile, industrial design education, as a crucial link in nurturing innovative talents, also faces new challenges and opportunities. This paper aims to explore the application of industrial design innovation in the field of engineering machinery and its promoting effect on the development of industrial design education. By analyzing the current educational situation, this paper proposes reform suggestions such as strengthening practical operations, optimizing curriculum settings, and emphasizing interdisciplinary cooperation, in order to effectively align industrial design education with market demands and provide strong support for industrial design innovation.

**Keywords:** industrial design innovation; industrial design education; development

### Introduction

In today's increasingly fierce global competition, industrial design innovation has become a core element driving industrial upgrading and enhancing product competitiveness. Especially in the field of engineering machinery, innovative design not only improves product performance and efficiency but also significantly impacts a company's brand image and market position. Meanwhile, industrial design education, as the cradle for nurturing future design talents, is of undeniable importance. This paper aims to explore the application of industrial design innovation in the field of engineering machinery, and delve into the current development status and challenges of industrial

design education. The goal is to provide valuable insights for the reform and development of industrial design education in China.

### 1. Industrial Design Innovation and Engineering Machinery

### 1.1 Optimization and Innovation of Design Processes

Engineering machinery, as vital equipment in modern industrial production, directly affects work efficiency and cost-effectiveness through its design quality. Consequently, traditional design processes for engineering machinery often fail to meet the increasingly fierce market competition of today. Traditionally, engineering machinery design

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processes are primarily led by engineers' experience, characterized by relatively closed design processes with limited direct communication with users. This can result in products that may not fully meet market demands. Moreover, the slow adoption of new technologies and concepts within traditional design processes restricts the innovation space in design. Against this backdrop, the introduction of new concepts and technologies into the design process becomes crucial. New concepts such as user-involved design and whole lifecycle design make designs more aligned with user needs and market trends. New technologies such as digital design, simulation analysis, and intelligent optimization can significantly enhance design efficiency and quality while reducing design cycles and costs. Based on digitalization and intelligence, an optimized design process scheme divides the design process into five stages: requirement analysis, conceptual design, detailed design, simulation validation, and optimization improvement. At each stage, digital tools and intelligent algorithms are fully utilized to achieve efficient, precise, and intelligent design. For example, in the requirement analysis stage, user needs and market trends are analyzed through big data to provide clear design directions. In the conceptual design stage, computer-aided design (CAD) and virtual reality (VR) technologies are used for initial product conceptualization and visualization. In the detailed design stage, parametric design and optimization algorithms are employed to achieve precise modeling and optimization. In the simulation validation stage, technologies such as finite element analysis (FEA) and dynamic simulation are used to comprehensively validate product performance. In the optimization improvement stage, continuous improvement and optimization of designs are carried out based on simulation results and user feedback.

### 1.2 Target-Oriented Design Practice

In the design process of engineering machinery, it is crucial to clearly define design objectives and integrate them with market and user demands. Design objectives include not only basic requirements such as product performance, reliability, and safety but also user experience aspects such as appearance, comfort, and ease of operation. To achieve this goal, designers need to maintain close communication with users throughout the design process, deeply understand users' usage

scenarios, operating habits, and pain points, and directly convert user needs into design objectives and product features through user-involved design. This enhances the product's market competitiveness and user satisfaction. Taking an engineering machinery brand as an example, they adopted a target-oriented design approach in designing a new generation of excavators. The design team conducted in-depth discussions with frontline operators to understand their needs for visibility, ease of operation, and comfort during the operation process. Based on these requirements, the design team set design objectives to provide a broader field of view, a simpler operating interface, and a more comfortable riding experience. Throughout the design process, the team continuously communicated with users for feedback and made continuous optimizations and improvements to the design. Ultimately, this excavator achieved tremendous success in the market, significantly increasing sales volume and gaining widespread praise and recognition from users. This successful case fully demonstrates the importance and effectiveness of target-oriented design in engineering machinery design.

# 2. Industrial Design Education and Engineering Machinery Talent Cultivation

### 2.1 Current Situation and Needs Analysis

Industrial design, as a comprehensive discipline, plays a crucial role in nurturing future design talents. However, there are some issues in the current status of industrial design education, especially in aligning with the demands of the engineering machinery industry. Firstly, current industrial design education overly emphasizes theoretical knowledge acquisition while neglecting the cultivation of practical skills. This results in students graduating without sufficient practical design experience and skills, making it challenging for them to meet the high demands for practical skills in the engineering machinery industry. Secondly, the curriculum and teaching content of industrial design education are disconnected from the needs of the engineering machinery industry. Many schools fail to fully consider the characteristics and requirements of the engineering machinery industry when designing courses, leading to a significant gap between the knowledge students acquire at school and the actual job requirements. Thirdly, the demand characteristics of the engineering machinery field for industrial design talents mainly manifest in the requirement for comprehensive qualities. Apart from solid design theory foundations and good innovation capabilities, talents are also expected to have certain understanding and mastery of the working principles, production processes, and usage environments of engineering machinery. This comprehensive talent demand sets higher requirements for current industrial design education.

### 2.2 Educational Reform and Innovation Strategies

In response to the aforementioned issues, we propose the following reform suggestions and innovation strategies tailored to the field of engineering machinery in industrial design education:(1). Strengthen the cultivation of practical skills. Schools should establish close cooperation with engineering machinery enterprises to provide students with more practical opportunities and platforms. Additionally, introducing a mentorship system from industry professionals can offer students more guidance and assistance during practical experiences. (2). Optimize curriculum design and teaching content. Schools should thoroughly understand the demands and characteristics of the engineering machinery industry and adjust curriculum design and teaching content accordingly. This ensures that the knowledge students acquire aligns with actual job requirements.(3). Emphasize the importance of interdisciplinary cooperation and practical teaching. Industrial design itself is a multidisciplinary field, requiring integration with disciplines such as mechanical engineering, materials science, and human-computer interaction. Therefore, schools should encourage and support interdisciplinary collaboration and communication to provide students with comprehensive knowledge and skills.(4). Focus on cultivating students' innovation capabilities and comprehensive qualities. Schools should stimulate students' innovation thinking and creativity through innovative practices and project-driven approaches. Additionally, attention should be given to developing students' teamwork, communication, and expression skills to meet the comprehensive demands of the engineering machinery industry for talent.

## 3. Relationship between Brand Building and Industrial Design

### 3.1 Brand Design and Communication

Brand design encompasses more than just the creation

of a logo; it involves various aspects of a brand's visual identity, brand image, and brand personality. In the engineering machinery industry, brand design should not only reflect the professionalism, stability. and durability of the products but also embody the company's commitment to technological innovation, quality management, and customer service. Industrial design, as an integral part of brand design, directly conveys the core values and concepts of a brand to users through elements such as product form, color, and material. An excellent industrial design not only attracts users' attention and enhances product competitiveness but also effectively strengthens users' awareness and loyalty to the brand. For example, a well-known engineering machinery brand adopted sleek and modern lines with contemporary color combinations in the design of its new excavator. This design not only conveys the brand's professionalism and innovation at first sight but also further consolidates the brand's position in users' minds.

### 3.2 Design Innovation and Brand Value

Design innovation is a vital driver for brand development. In the engineering machinery industry, with continuous technological advancements and evolving market demands, user expectations for products are also escalating. Only through continuous innovation can brands meet these demands and enhance their market position. Design innovation is not only reflected in product functionality but also in aspects such as user experience and emotional connection. For instance, humanized operation interface design, intelligent fault diagnosis systems, and comfortable driving environments effectively enhance user experience and satisfaction, thereby strengthening brand competitiveness. Furthermore, design innovation is crucial for elevating brand value. Through continuous innovation practices, companies can not only accumulate rich design experience and intellectual property but also establish an image of technological leadership and innovation-driven within the industry, thereby enhancing brand visibility and reputation. For instance, a certain engineering machinery brand incorporated a new power system and intelligent control technology into the design of its new generation loader, significantly improving machine performance. Simultaneously, the design of the driver's cabin prioritized operator comfort and convenience, 169 of 214 Vol 2 Issue 2 2024

providing a more user-friendly operating experience. Such innovative designs not only gained market recognition but also elevated the brand's image and value.

### 4. Engineering Machinery Industrial Design Development Trends

#### 4.1 Integration of Technology and Design

The impact of technological innovation on engineering machinery design is profound. In recent years, the application of cutting-edge technologies such as artificial intelligence, the Internet of Things, and big data has made engineering machinery design more intelligent and digitized. These technologies not only enhance the precision and efficiency of design but also greatly broaden the perspective and scope of design. Take artificial intelligence as an example; AI technology is increasingly widely used in engineering machinery design. From intelligent analysis of user needs and automatic optimization of design schemes to simulating product performance and predicting product lifespan, AI technology plays an increasingly important role. This not only significantly improves the accuracy and efficiency of design but also makes designs more aligned with users' actual needs and market changes. IoT technology provides new solutions for remote monitoring and maintenance of engineering machinery. By connecting sensors, controllers, and other devices to the Internet, designers can monitor the operational status of products in real-time, promptly identify and solve problems. This not only enhances product reliability and stability but also provides valuable data support for designers to continuously optimize design schemes. With the application and development of these technologies, the integration of technology and design will become an inevitable trend in engineering machinery design. Designers need to continuously learn new technologies and concepts and integrate them into design practices to promote the continuous progress of engineering machinery design.

### 4.2 Sustainable Development Design Concept

In the field of engineering machinery industrial design, the concept of sustainable development is increasingly receiving attention. This is not only a demand for global environmental protection but also a manifestation of corporate social responsibility. Engineering machinery, as a representative industry with high energy consumption and emissions, urgently needs green transformation. Designers understand that merely pursuing performance and efficiency is no longer the sole goal. They begin to consider how to reduce the environmental impact of products from the source. In terms of material selection, there is a tendency to use renewable, recyclable, or biodegradable materials to reduce dependence on finite resources. In structural design, emphasis is placed on reducing product weight, optimizing energy consumption structures to make them more energy-efficient. In production processes, clean energy and low-carbon technologies are actively adopted to reduce carbon emissions during production. However, sustainable development goes beyond this. Designers also focus on the entire lifecycle of products, considering future usage, maintenance, and recycling processes from the beginning of the design phase. They are committed to designing products with structures that are easy to disassemble, repair, and upgrade, making it easy to reuse resources after reaching the end of their service life. This design concept is not only responsible for the environment but also for users and companies. Users can enjoy more economical and environmentally friendly product experiences, while companies can establish a good brand image and win long-term trust in the market. Looking ahead, with technological advancements and increased consumer awareness, the concept of sustainable development will occupy an increasingly important position in the engineering machinery industry. Designers will continue to innovate, contributing wisdom and strength to the industry's green transformation.

### Conclusion

Through our in-depth research on industrial design innovation and the development of industrial design education, we have found that they complement each other and together shape the future of the engineering machinery field. Innovation not only brings endless possibilities to design but also provides new directions and challenges for education. Meanwhile, the development of education provides a continuous stream of talent support for innovation. Looking ahead, we hope to see industrial design education pay more attention to the cultivation of practical skills and innovation capabilities, closely integrate with market demands, and jointly propel industrial design

innovation to new heights. In this way, our industrial products can not only meet functional needs but also reach new levels in aesthetics, human-machine interaction, and contribute to the progress of society.

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